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## Abstract

As high-quality geometrical models become necessary for realistic applications, the creation of sophisticated surface details quickly becomes a crucial bottleneck to modeling. Geometry texture synthesis can alleviate this problem. We propose to combine geometry texture synthesis with point-set surfaces. Point-set surfaces form a powerful and flexible representation to encode intricate surface details. Our algorithm incrementally builds up a final geometry texture by fitting patches from an initial geometry texture, according to a distance field-based metric applied to a point neighborhood. An automatic point pairing scheme is used to warp the most similar patch with a thin-plate spline interpolation to make it concordant with its neighborhood. The point-set representation frees us from coping with explicit connectivity, while offering trivial manipulation for cutting, merging, and fitting portions of a surface. An appropriate blending corrects for any remaining small texture gaps. Experimental results are provided to illustrate the generality and the efficiency of our approach.

## Context

- Patch-based geometry texture synthesis
- Point-set surfaces avoid dealing with stitching
- No topological constraints on geometry
- Automatic pairing for thin-plate spline interpolation of surfaces
- Fast processing time

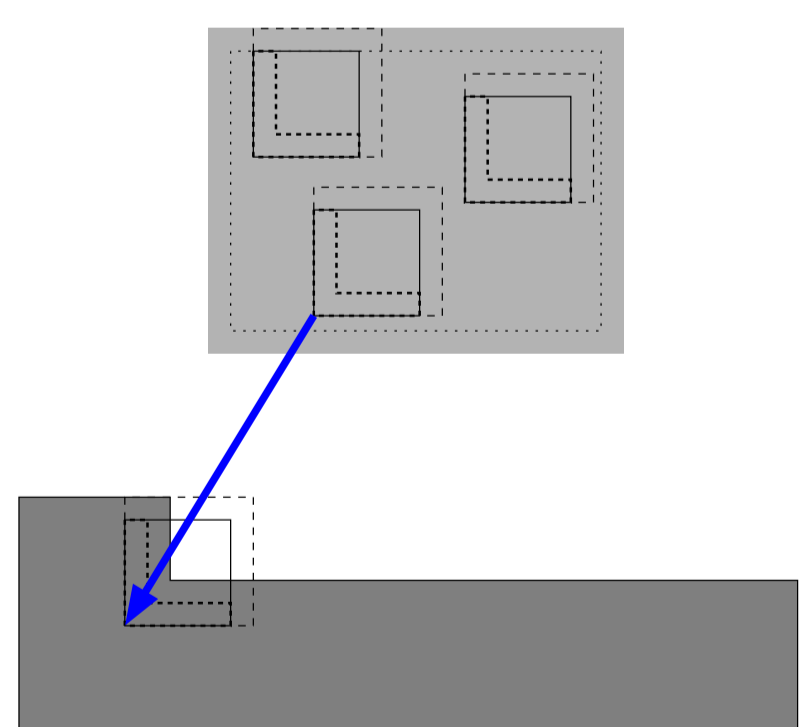
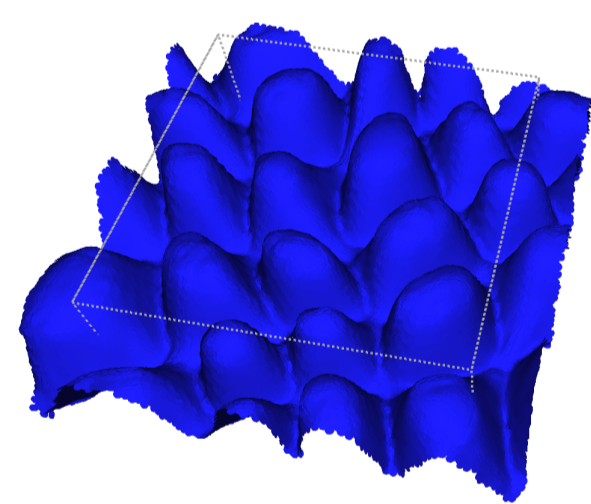
## Synthesis Algorithm

- Random seed patch
- While texture not completed:
  - 1 Find a patch with similar neighborhood
  - 2 Warp
  - 3 Blend
  - 4 Cut
- Cut out padding

## 1 Find a Patch with Similar Neighborhood

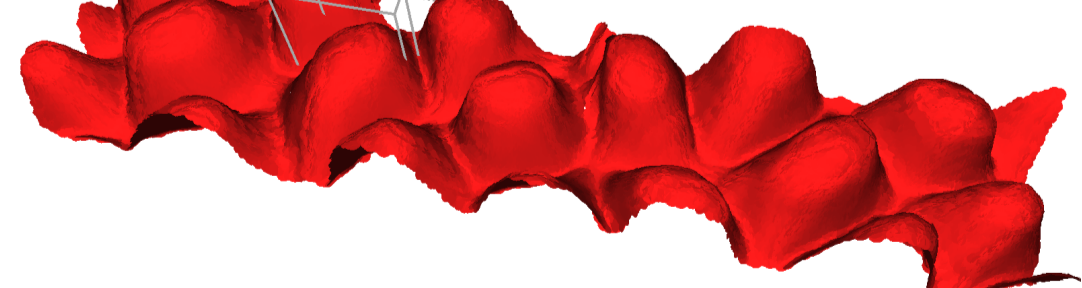
### Input texture

- Point-set surface(s)
- Bounding box: dimensions
- Reference plane: orientation



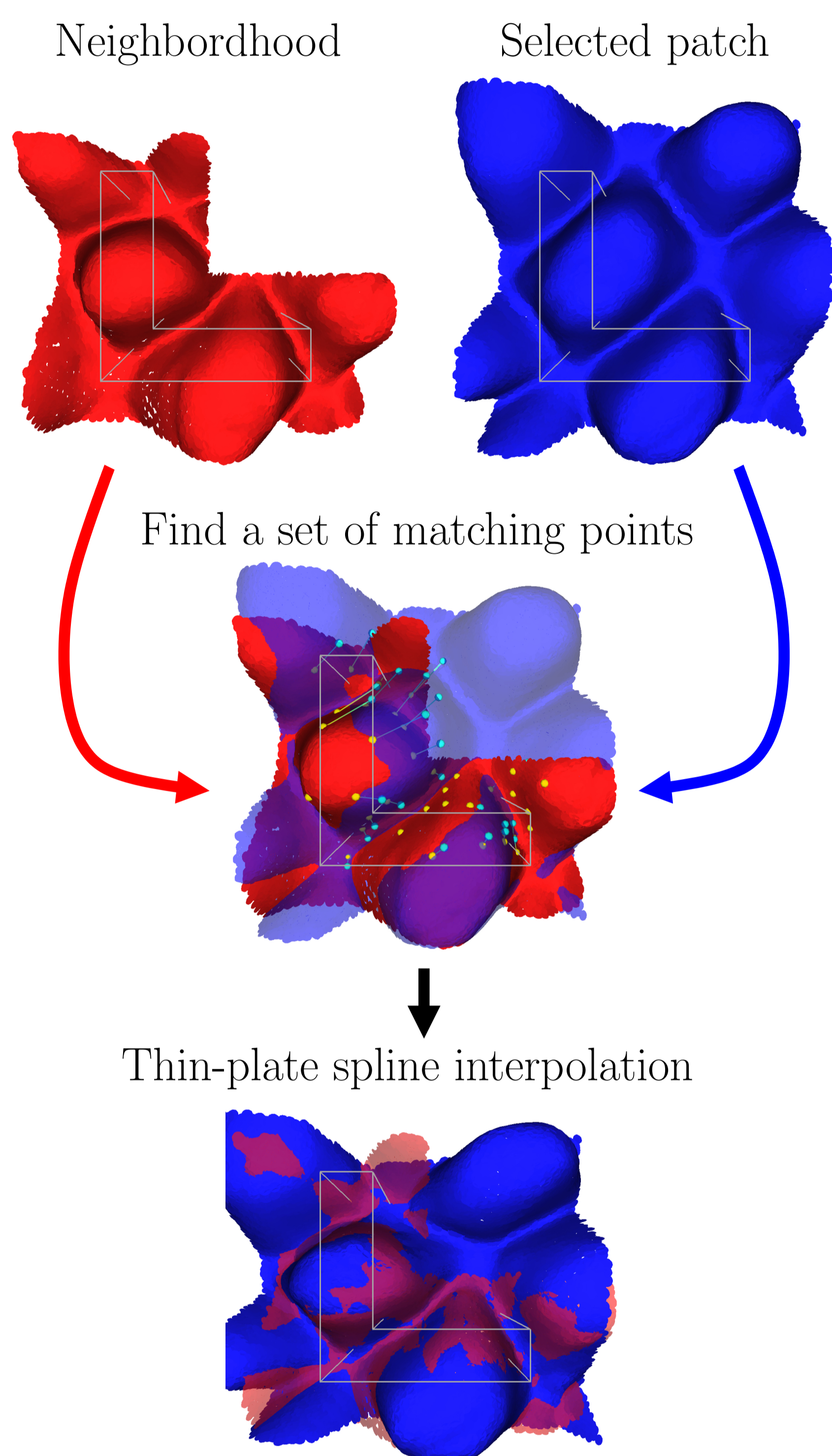
- Overlap region
- Patch region
- Padding region

### Output texture



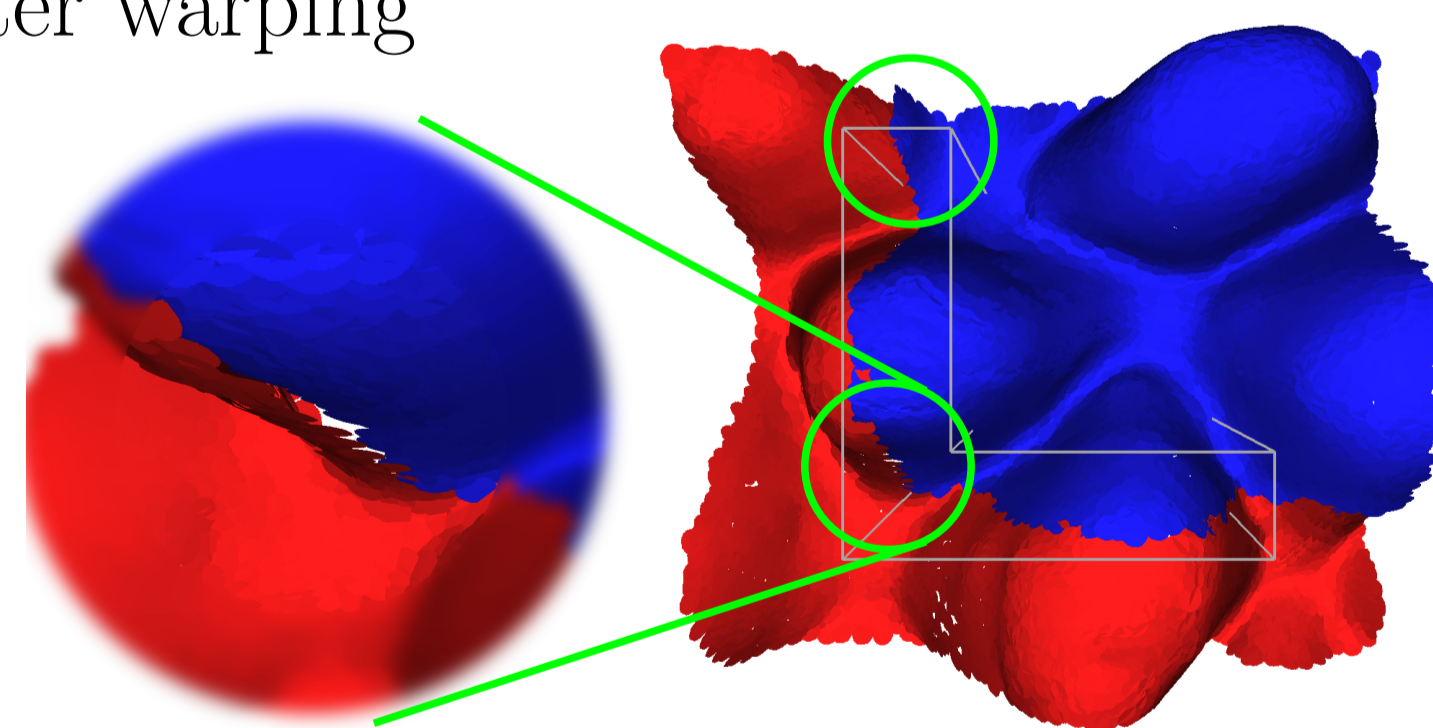
1. Find a set of best matching candidates with current neighborhood
  - Overlap region converted to distance field for comparison
  - Distance field resolution discretizes the search space
2. Random choice among best candidates
3. Copy and translate to target region  
 ⇔ Trivial operation with point sets

## 2 Warp

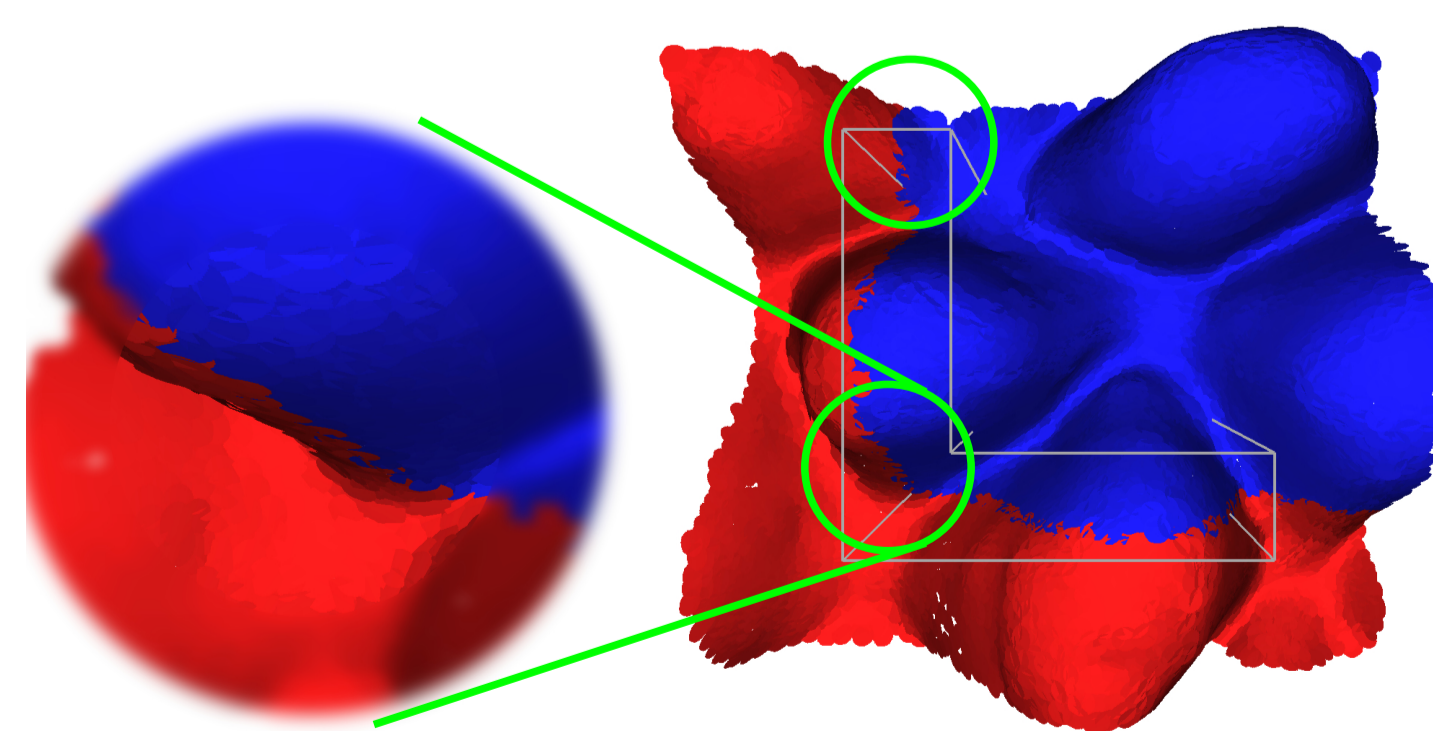


## 3 Blend

Cracks and local mismatches may remain after warping



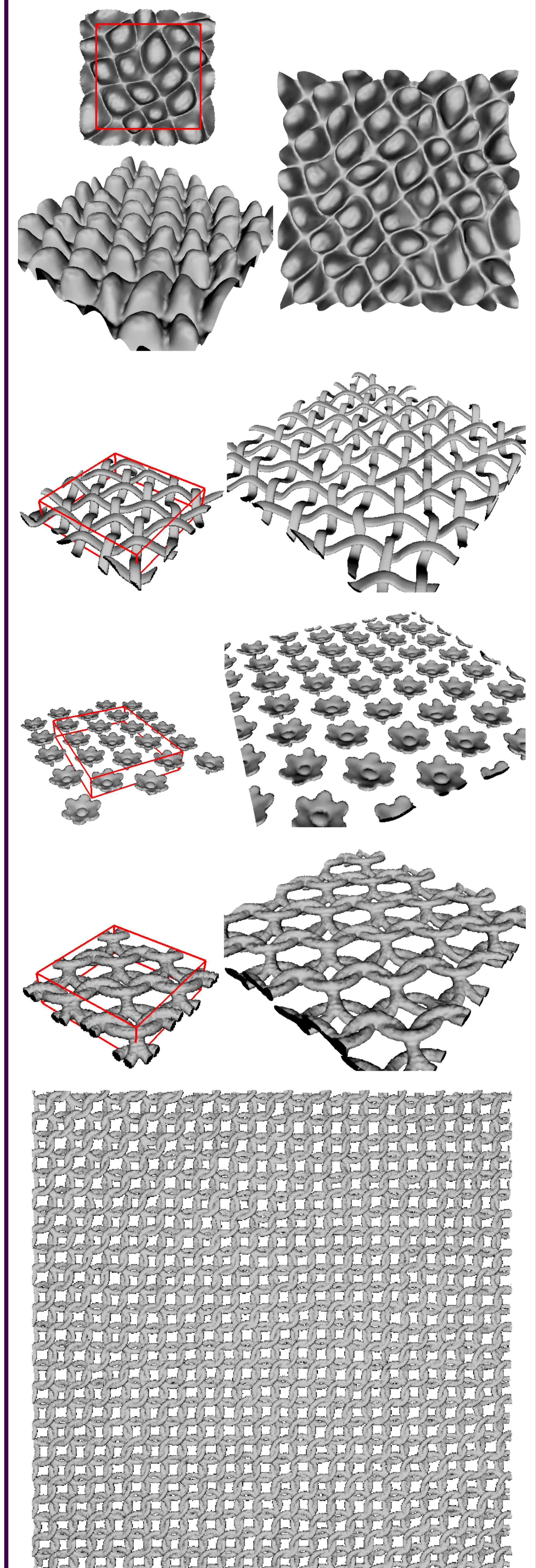
Blending positions and their projection on the neighborhood corrects those artifacts



## 4 Cut

- Cut out padding region from output and paste in blended patch, easy with meshless representation
- Hashed regular grid and local *kd*-trees make for efficient neighborhood selection

## Results



|                    | Point-set size |         | Synthesis time (seconds) |       |       |       |       |
|--------------------|----------------|---------|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|                    | Input          | Output  | Search                   | Warp  | Blend | Other | Total |
| Height field       | 33194          | 87101   | 6.7                      | 11.2  | 10.8  | 2.0   | 30.7  |
| Weave              | 43592          | 126139  | 5.7                      | 7.7   | 12.0  | 2.6   | 28.0  |
| Flowers            | 37473          | 68290   | 11.0                     | 14.9  | 7.4   | 2.7   | 36.0  |
| Chain mail         | 71454          | 197282  | 8.5                      | 7.3   | 18.4  | 3.8   | 38.0  |
| Chain mail (large) | 71454          | 2947085 | 147.5                    | 201.3 | 316.2 | 45.8  | 710.8 |

## Acknowledgments

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